Key Inforbits

- Reality check on chocolate
- Medical myths revealed
- Another myth – research exceeds ad budget
- Neti pot rediscovered
- Sometimes, it’s the simple things
- Infectious diseases residency spotlight

NEW DRUGS, and other related stuff …

Adverse effects confirmed  … (1/3/2008) The FDA is reviewing new data from two studies that provide further evidence of the risks of erythropoiesis-stimulating agents, or ESAs (eg, epoetin alfa, darbepoetin alfa). The studies show that patients with breast or advanced cervical cancers who received ESAs to treat anemia caused by chemotherapy died sooner or had more rapid tumor growth than similar patients who did not receive the anemia drug. These two studies were not among the six studies that were described in revised labeling approved by FDA Nov. 8, 2007, which strengthened warnings about ESAs in cancer patients. Taken together, all eight studies show more rapid tumor growth or shortened survival when patients with breast, non-small cell lung, head and neck, lymphoid or cervical cancers received ESAs compared to patients who did not receive this treatment.

http://www.fda.gov/bbs/topics/NEWS/2008/NEW01769.html

MedWatch  … (12/31/2007) FDA notified consumers and healthcare professionals not to buy or use Super Shangai, Strong Testis, Shangai Ultra, Shangai Ultra X, Lady Shangai, and Shangai Regular (also known as Shangai Chaojimengnan) products. The products are marketed as dietary supplements and used for the treatment of erectile dysfunction (ED) and for sexual enhancement. The products contain undeclared active ingredients (sildenafil or an analog). The products are thus drugs that are illegal because they lack FDA approval. Additionally, the safety, efficacy, and purity of the ingredients can not be validated. The undeclared ingredients in the referenced products may interact with nitrates found in some prescription drugs (such as nitroglycerin) and can lower blood pressure to dangerous levels. Discontinue use and consult a healthcare professional.

Read the complete 2007 MedWatch Safety Summary including a link to the FDA News Release regarding this issue at:

http://www.fda.gov/medwatch/safety/2007/safety07.htm#Shangai

MedWatch  … (1/7/2008) The FDA announced the possibility of severe and sometimes incapacitating bone, joint, and/or muscle (musculoskeletal) pain in patients taking bisphosphonates. Although severe musculoskeletal pain is included in the prescribing information for all bisphosphonates, the association may be overlooked by healthcare professionals, delaying diagnosis, prolonging pain and/or impairment, and necessitating the use of analgesics. The severe musculoskeletal pain may occur within days, months, or years after starting a bisphophonate. Some patients have reported complete relief of symptoms after
discontinuing the bisphosphonate, whereas others have reported slow or incomplete resolution. The risk factors for and incidence of severe musculoskeletal pain associated with bisphosphonates are unknown. Consider whether bisphosphonate use might be responsible for severe musculoskeletal pain in patients who present with these symptoms and consider temporary or permanent discontinuation of the drug.

Read the complete 2007 and 2008 MedWatch Safety Summary including a link to the FDA Drug Information Page regarding this issue at: http://www.fda.gov/medwatch/safety/2008/safety08.htm#Bisphosphonates

FROM THE MEDICAL LITERATURE …

Dark chocolate health benefit – reality check … A short editorial brings a little reality to the -“chocolate is good for you” craze. Two main points: 1) the health benefit is derived from the flavonols in the dark chocolate. There is no labeling requirement for flavonol content so even if it is dark chocolate, flavonols may be absent. 2) With or without flavonols, chocolate products still have fat, sugar and calories. Sorry guys …


Vaccine Management … The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has made available an online publication describing the physical management for currently recommended vaccines. Included are shipping and storage recommendations for specific vaccines, how to reconstitute them, information about vaccine shelf life before and after reconstitution, and other special handling instructions. Over 25 vaccine products are included.


Medical Myths … Two physicians decided to research seven “common medical or medicine-related beliefs” held by physicians and the lay public, and make a ruling on their validity. These seven common beliefs were judged to be not true; however, some of the documentation and context are interesting reading – don’t worry, it’s a short article. Myths were:

- Drink at least 8 glasses of water daily.
- We use only 10% of our brains.
- Hair and fingernails continue to grow after death.
- Reading in dim light ruins your eyesight.
- Shaving causes hair to grow back faster or coarser.
- Mobile phones are dangerous in hospitals.
- Eating turkey makes people especially drowsy.


Research vs. Advertising budget … Charges of patents sustaining predatory prices and excessive margins; costs and prices extravagantly increased by large expenditures in marketing and; most new drugs are no more effective than currently marketed drugs, have been debated for at least 50 years. The industry generally touts that its research budget exceeds its advertising budget, based generally on one database (IMS). Authors of this paper compared that database with a newer one with different data sources (CAM) and their analysis revealed that the
pharmaceutical industry spends nearly twice as much on advertising/promotion than on research/development. Nearly all dollar amounts are in BILLIONs of dollars, so were are talking serious money. Various categories in each are discussed and are very illuminating.


http://medicine.plosjournals.org/archive/1549-1676/5/1/pdf/10.1371_journal.pmed.0050001-L.pdf

**Reviews of Note …**


**FROM THE LAY LITERATURE about medicine …**

**Vocabulary … Neti pot makes a comeback …** The neti pot is a small, oblong ceramic pot with a handle on one end and a short spout on the other, holding 6 to 8 oz of fluid. Its purpose is nasal irrigation (aka, “nose bidet” or jala neti [from yoga]). The practice is centuries old from Indian yogic tradition, but came to the U.S. in the early 1970’s. It went mainstream when introduced by Oprah Winfrey and now is commonly used for “nasal issues” such as congestion and sinus infection. The process consists of pouring a non-iodized saline solution in one nostril and letting it flow out of the other. There are many believers.


http://www.nytimes.com/2008/01/03/fashion/03skin.html?_r=1&ref=health&oref=slogin

**Simple, but life-saving …** We are reminded how preparation can not only be easy and convenient, but can be life-saving. Everyone should keep a record of their health issues, especially current medical problems and medications, on their person. This is especially important if you make an unexpected (what else is there?) visit to the emergency room, conscious or unconscious, and the treating staff have no clue as to your medical history. Keeping a business card size record behind your driver’s license could make a big difference. It is also of value when making health-provider visits when you may not be able to immediately shake the important details from your memory. Remind your patients.


Elder backlash … Another very influential group is going after the pharmaceutical industry’s cozy relationship with physicians. The AARP has revisited some of the issues such as the amount of money spent on promotion, the effects of promotion (particularly gifts, meals, etc) on prescribing patterns, the attempts to unbind the industry from prescribing decisions and attempts of legislatures to try to curb the practices that exert undue influence. Several instances are cited where some state legislatures have attempted to pass laws restricting these activities and often “an army of lobbyists” descend on the scene and scuttle the effort.

Submitted by Dr. Robert Smith

Update …

Infectious diseases pharmacy residency programs … are discussed in a recent article. These programs are classified as PGY2 and require a prerequisite of a PGY1 General Practice residency. There are currently 22 ASHP-accredited infectious disease pharmacy residency programs. The career outlook is more diverse than you may think, ranging from academia, clinical pharmacy staff, pharmaceutical industry or further fellowship training for research.


NEW RESOURCES in the DILRC …


The last “dose” …

“First say to yourself what you would be; and then do what you have to do.”

--Epictetus, Greek philosopher (55-135)