POLI 8010-001: Research Design and Analysis

Fall 2022 | T 3:30 PM - 6:00 PM | Haley 2414

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Office Hours: TR 11:00 AM - 12:15 PM; Appointment (email me; Zoom ID: 7720942787)

Overview, Objectives, and Outcomes

All of our knowledge of the social world is quite literally *produced*. No one tells us what we know about Congress, or conflict, or public administration; instead, we conduct social science research to uncover that knowledge and share it with others. To now, you have been a *consumer* of that research, or, more likely, you have been a consumer of what a professor or instructor *tells* you about that research. This course is designed to move you forward in two ways.

The first is to be a more critical *consumer* of political science research. You should learn what constitutes objectively *good* research, as well as objectively ... not so good research. The quality of knowledge we produce hinges on our ability to use appropriate research designs, quality measures of concepts, to account for relevant explanations, all to provide evidence of causality in the social world. You will learn to evaluate how well existing research satisfies these criteria. You will also learn the problems (and opportunities!) created when researchers fail to satisfy these criteria.

The second is to become a quality *producer* of political science research. Knowing how to critique existing research is valuable, but your contribution to the discipline and the quality of knowledge you create are dependent on your own ability to recognize and apply appropriate research designs. You will learn the types of designs available, the strengths and weaknesses of those designs, how they have been applied in research, how to apply them yourself, and the fundamentals of evidence of causality in the social world.

Student Learning Outcomes: by the end of the course, you should feel comfortable reading and evaluating almost any political science research article. You should also feel comfortable using some basic research designs and methods. Moreover, you should be able to evaluate your own research "puzzle" and decide, as a researcher, the appropriate research design, measures, and methods to use. Through all, you should think critically and skeptically, as a scientist.

Official catalog description: Research Design and Analysis. (3). LEC. 3. Development and testing of causal models in political and social science. Students will develop a complex research design under the close supervision of the instructor.

Prerequisites

Graduate classification.

Expectations

Graduate courses, especially graduate courses for research design and methods, are intended to lay the foundation for your future as a researcher. Each one of you have elected to be here and to pursue a graduate degree, so it is to your benefit to attend class, do the outside readings, and, most importantly, come to class prepared to discuss the material. Graduate courses are built around an exchange of ideas, so come prepared with your ideas! I also expect that you make a reasonable effort to maintain classroom decorum by refraining from reading newspapers, doing crossword puzzles, sleeping, texting, or playing on Facebook (or whatever social network/game/trend that I'm oblivious to). Please silence all cell phones. These ideas are formally outlined in the Auburn University Classroom Behavior policy: see tinyurl.com/au-st-pol for more details. Consistent with Auburn University policy, I encourage class attendance from all students.

Texts

There are four required books for this class.

Brady, Henry E. and David Collier. 2010. Rethinking Social Inquiry: Second Edition. Plymouth: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Inc.

Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane, and Sidney Verba. 1994. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Kuhn, Thomas S. 1962. The Structure of Scientific Revolutions. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press.

The cheapest way to acquire the books is online. There are multiple versions of all four; the version only matters for one. For Kellstedt and Whitten, I would probably get at least the Second Edition. (There is also a Third Edition out now.) They fixed some errors between the first two editions. The reading schedule denotes the chapter names so you can find them in other editions.

There are some chapters of books. I will post them individually to Canvas.

For the articles, I will not post the them to Canvas unless the library doesn't provide access; learning how to acquire the full text of an article is an essential skill in graduate school. I included the DOI of every article: it will point you to the article's website if you "resolve" it at www.doi.org. All of the articles are ungated if you access them on Auburn's Wifi network. If you're at home, you can still get the full text by logging into the library and searching for the journal. If you cannot find one of the articles, let me know, and I'll make it available on Canvas or email.

Assignments

The course is divided into the following components:

Class participation	20%
Midterm examination (take home)	30%
Research design project	20%
Annotated bibliography for research design	20%
In class presentation of research design	10%
Total	100%

In order, those components are ...

Class participation: Do. The. Reading. It is literally that simple. Do the reading and come to class prepared to discuss that reading. When I ask questions of the class, please answer the questions and contribute to the lecture. When you have questions, please ask them. From a student suggestion from previous semesters, I'll post a "guide" each week on a suggested order for the readings as well as key terms to watch for. You should still read the entire selection; just be prepared to discuss these bullet points specifically.

To foster class discussion, you are also required to submit two "talking points" about that week's reading to Canvas by Monday night at 10:00 PM. These "talking points" should be the most interesting questions or arguments that you have identified in the week's readings. They should be a short paragraph outlining the question or argument and then offering a critical perspective. If possible, they should link together multiple readings or have a strong critical reaction to a specific reading. It should be more than just a re-statement of the article.

The maximum number of articles assigned in a week is six: I do not care and do not want to hear about how that's too many readings.

Midterm examination: this will be a take-home exam, assigned Friday, September 30 and due Monday, October 10. It will be an open-book exam. The only limitation is that you are not allowed to consult with your classmates on the exam.

Research design project: this is your opportunity to apply the skills and concepts learned in class to a research question that you are interested in. The final proposal should emulate a research paper up to the "Results" section. Specifically, you should provide an Introduction to your research question, you should outline Previous Literature on the research question, your Theory for how the question should be answered, and the Data and Methods that you would use to answer the question. You do not have to execute any analysis. You should have a rough draft of this assignment by Week 12. The final draft is due on the schedule day for final exams for our class time. You will be graded on your writing.

Annotated bibliography for research design: it is essential to learn how to synthesize and report data and findings. You may not have gotten a lot of practice reading scientific articles

for their conclusions. You are going to practice that skill through an annotated bibliography. Broadly, this means finding the most relevant *political science* articles on a research question and summarizing the articles individually. A bibliography is a list of sources and articles that are relevant to a question. An annotated bibliography expands on this by providing a short summary of each individual source. Specifically, I want your summary to include:

- A one sentence summary of the most important findings from the article,
- A brief statement of the research design,
- Any specific hypotheses from the article (stated in standard form),
- The data used in the article,
- Major findings from the article,
- If the authors make a causal argument, and
- A one sentence summary how these findings relate to your research question.

If it isn't obvious: you must read the article to be able to write the summary. I am aware that research articles usually begin with an abstract that summarizes the article. Note that I want a more in-depth summary of the article than the abstract provides. If you plagiarize any portion of any abstract, you will receive a zero on the entire assignment. Your annotated bibliography must include at least ten sources. This assignment is due Week 13. A single summary is due for feedback (from me) Week 9.

In class presentation of research design: in lieu of a final exam, we are going to have a virtual "mini conference" to present your research designs. You'll also have the opportunity to practice giving academic research presentations as well as providing critical feedback on others' presentations. You will make an eight-minute research presentation (as a presenter), and you will critique a classmate's research design (as a discussant). You will share your research design ahead of time with your scheduled discussant so that s/he can provide feedback.

Makeups and Grades

Makeup assignments/examinations will only be offered to those with a University excused absence, which can be found at tinyurl.com/au-st-pol. It is your responsibility to ensure that your absence is covered by the University, and it is your responsibility to comply with all policies. These policies require that you notify me of your absence prior to the date of absence if such notification is feasible, but within one week from the missed class. Your makeup examination must be scheduled within two weeks of this notification (though I recommend much, much earlier). If I need additional information on your absence (doctor's notes, for instance), you must provide this additional documentation within one week of the last date of the absence. Note that this policy also allows for makeup examinations for reasons deemed appropriate by the instructor. If you do not have a University excused absence, and you are going to miss an examination, it is much easier for me to work with you if you notify me promptly, especially if you can provide some sort of documentation.

 $\begin{array}{lll} 89.5\text{-}100: & A \\ 79.5\text{-}89.49: & B \\ 69.5\text{-}79.49: & C \\ 59.5\text{-}69.49: & D \\ 59.49\downarrow: & F \end{array}$

I use the standard Auburn University grading scale. To maintain fairness, I do not change grades under any circumstances except when I make a mathematical error in computing your grade. There is no extra credit. All grades will be posted to Canvas.

Contacting Me

I check my email very, very regularly. If you want to get in touch with me through email, I ask that follow three guidelines when attempting to contact me. First: include the course number and section number [8010-001] in the subject of your email. Your email will almost certainly get lost in the abyss if it missing this information. Second: wait at least 48 hours, not including weekends, to send a second email. I promise I will get to it, but it may not be immediate. Third: email me only from your Auburn University official email address. In the event that I need to contact you, it will almost certainly be at your Qauburn.edu email address. You should check this email often!

Student Academic Honesty

Auburn University is a institution committed to integrity and honor. It is your job as a University citizen to uphold those values. I will not tolerate any cheating or plagiarism, broadly defined as using unauthorized aids during examinations or attempting to represent someone else's work as your own. You are not as sly as you think you are. With hundreds of heads facing forward, it is extremely easy to tell who is working alone and who is not. Be aware that academic dishonesty can lead directly to failing the course and being referred to the Academic Honesty Committee. Penalties include expulsion from Auburn, as per Chapter 1202 of Title XII. For additional information visit tinyurl.com/au-st-pol.

Emergency Contingency

If normal class is disrupted due to illness, emergency, or crisis situation, the syllabus and other course plans and assignments may be modified to allow completion of the course. If this occurs, an addendum to your syllabus and/or course assignments will replace the original materials.

Students with Disabilities

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) is a federal anti-discrimination statute that provides comprehensive civil rights protection for persons with disabilities. Among other things, this legislation requires that all students with disabilities be guaranteed a learning environment that provides for reasonable accommodation of their disabilities. If you believe you have a disability requiring an accommodation, please electronically submit your approved accommodations through AU Access and make an individual appointment with the me during the first week of classes (or as soon as

possible if accommodations are needed immediately). If you have not established accommodations through the Office of Accessibility, but need accommodations, make an appointment with the Office of Accessibility, 1228 Haley Center, 844-2096 (V/TT).

Any requests or arrangements made with the instructor in person <u>must</u> be followed up with an official email request for documentation. If you believe you may need an accommodation, it is your responsibility to secure it before the first exam.

Copyrighted Materials

The lectures, presentations (including slides), readings, and exams for this course are copyrighted, so you do not have the right to copy and distribute them. This includes recording class lectures.

Course Outline

PART I: Being a Researcher and Contributing to Scientific Knowledge

Week 1 (August 16): Hello! First Meeting!

Week 2 (August 23): Science and Scientific Thinking

- Hill, Kim Quaile. 2004. "Myths About the Physical Sciences and Their Implications for Teaching Political Science." *PS: Political Science and Politics* 37(3): 467-471. DOI: 10.1017/S104909650400469X
- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 1 and 2.
 - "The Scientific Study of Politics"
 - "The Art of Theory Building"
- Kuhn, Thomas S. 1962. *The Structure of Scientific Revolutions*. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press.
- http://tinyurl.com/kuhn-popper-lakatos

Week 3 (August 30): Models, Theories, Hypotheses, and the Logic of Inference

- Gelman, Andrew and Hal Stern. 2006. "The Difference Between 'Significant' and 'Not Significant' is not Itself Statistically Significant." *The American Statistician* 60(4): 328-331. DOI: 10.1198/000313006X152649
- Granato, Jim and Frank Scioli. 2004. "Puzzles, Proverbs, and Omega Matrices: The Scientific and Social Significance of Empirical Implications of Theoretical Models (EITM)."
 Perspectives on Politics 2(2): 313-323. DOI: 10.1017/S1537592704040186
- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 7 and 8.
 - "Probability and Statistical Inference"

- "Bivariate Hypothesis Testing"
- King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane, and Sidney Verba. 1994. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research. Princeton: Princeton University Press. Chapter 2.
 - "Descriptive Inference"

Week 4 (September 6): Conceptualization and Measurement

- Adcock, Robert and David Collier. 2001. "Measurement Validity: A Shared Standard for Qualitative and Quantitative Research." American Political Science Review 95(3): 529-546. DOI: 10.1017/S0003055401003100
- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 5 and 6.
 - "Measuring Concepts of Interest"
 - "Getting to Know Your Data"
- King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane, and Sidney Verba. 1994. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research. Princeton: Princeton University Press. Chapter 5.
 - "Understanding What to Avoid"

Week 5 (September 13): Survey Responses and Data

- Ansolabehere, Stephen, Jonathan Rodden, and James M. Snyder, Jr. 2008. "The Strength of Issues: Using Multiple Measures to Gauge Preference Stability, Ideological Constraint, and Issue Voting." American Political Science Review 102(2): 215-232.
 DOI: 10.1017/S0003055408080210
- Converse, Philip E. 1964. "The Nature of Belief Systems in Mass Publics." In *Ideology and Its Discontents*, ed. David E. Apter. New York: The Free Press of Glencoe. (This is also available in a 2006 volume of *Critical Review*, DOI: 10.1080/08913810608443650)
- King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane, and Sidney Verba. 1994. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research. Princeton: Princeton University Press. Chapter 4.
 - "Determining What to Observe"
- Zaller, John and Stanley Feldman. 1988. "A Simple Theory of the Survey Response: Answering Questions Versus Revealing Preferences." *American Journal of Political Science* 36(3): 579-616. DOI: 10.2307/2111583
- Strongly recommended! Zaller, John. 1992. The Nature and Origins of Mass Opinion. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Week 6 (September 20): Causality

- Brady, Henry E. and David Collier. 2010. Rethinking Social Inquiry: Second Edition. Plymouth: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Inc. Chapters 9, 13-14.
 - "Sources of Leverage in Causal Inference: Toward an Alternative View of Methodology"
 - "Regression-Based Inference: A Case Study in Failed Causal Assessment"
 - "Design-Based Inference: Beyond the Pitfalls of Regression Analysis?"
- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 3 and 4.
 - "Evaluating Causal Relationships"
 - "Research Design"
- King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane, and Sidney Verba. 1994. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research. Princeton: Princeton University Press. Chapter 3.
 - "Causality and Causal Inference"

Week 7 (September 27): Causal Inference

- Blalock, Hubert M. 1964. Causal Inferences in Nonexperimental Research. Chapel Hill: The University of North Carolina Press. Chapters 1 and 2.
- Holland, Paul W. 1986. "Statistics and Causal Inference." *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 81(2): 945-960. DOI: 10.2307/2289064
- Imai, Kosuke, Luke Keele, Dustin Tingley, and Teppei Yamamoto. 2011. "Unpacking the Black Box of Causality: Learning about Causal Mechanisms from Experimental and Observational Studies." American Political Science Review 105(4): 765-789.

DOI: 10.1017/S0003055411000414

- Sekhon, Jasjeet S. 2008. "The Neyman-Rubin Model of Causal Inference and Estimation via Matching Methods." In *Oxford Handbook of Political Methodology*, ed. Janet M. Box-Steffensmeier, Henry E. Brady, and David Collier. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Wasow, Omar. 2020. "Agenda Seeding: How 1960s Black Protests Moved Elites, Public Opinion, and Voting." American Political Science Review 114(3): 638-659.
 DOI: 10.1017/S000305542000009X
- Want to know more?
 - Sekhon, Jasjeet S. 2009. "Opiates for the Matches: Matching Methods for Causal Inference." The Annual Review of Political Science 12: 487-508.
 DOI: 10.1146/annurev.polisci.11.060606.135444
 - Shivley, W. Phillips. 2011. The Craft of Political Research. Boston: Longman. Chapter
 6.

Midterm examination assigned on September 30 (Friday).

Week 8 (October 4): No Class (Fall Break / Midterm Work Week)

Week 9 (October 11): Let's Talk About ... Qualitative Research Strategies

- Brady, Henry E. and David Collier. 2010. Rethinking Social Inquiry: Second Edition. Plymouth: Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Inc. Chapters 10-12.
 - "Process Tracing and Causal Inference"
 - "On Types of Scientific Inquiry: The Role of Qualitative Reasoning"
 - "Data-Set Observations versus Causal-Process Observations: The 2000 U.S. Presidential Election"
- Collier, David. 2011. "Understanding Process Tracing." PS: Political Science and Politics 44(4): 823-830. DOI: 10.1017/S1049096511001429
- Gerring, John. 2004. "What Is a Case Study and What Is It Good For?" American Political Science Review 98(2): 341-354. DOI: 10.1017/S0003055404001182

Midterm examination due on October 10 (Monday). One source (for feedback) from Annotated Bibliography due on

One source (for feedback) from Annotated Bibliography due on October 13 (Thursday).

Week 10 (October 18): Let's Talk About . . . Trends in Best Practices: Declaring Designs, Replication, and Reforming Statistical Significance

- Blair, Graeme, Jasper Cooper, Alexander Coppock, and Macartan Humphreys. 2019. "Declaring and Diagnosing Research Designs." *American Political Science Review* 113(3): 838-859. DOI: 10.1017/S0003055419000194
- Gelman, Andrew and Jennifer Hill. 2007. Data Analysis Using Regression and Multilevel/Hierarchical Models. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 11 and 12.
- Gross, Justin H. 2015. "Testing What Matters (If You Must Test at All): A Context-Driven Approach to Substantive and Statistical Significance." American Journal of Political Science 59(3): 775-788. DOI: 10.1111/ajps.12149
- Key, Ellen M. 2016. "How Are We Doing? Data Access and Replication in Political Science." PS: Political Science & Politics 49(2): 268-272. DOI: 10.1017/S1049096516000184
- Mertens, Gaetan and Angelos-Miltiadis Krypotos. 2019. "Preregistration of Analyses of Preexisting Data." *Psychologica Belgica* 59(1): 338-352. DOI: 10.5334/pb.493
- Rainey, Carlisle. 2014. "Arguing for a Negligible Effect." American Journal of Political Science 58(4): 1083-1091. DOI: 10.1111/ajps.12102

Week 11 (October 25): Let's Talk About ... Experiments and Quasi-Experiments

- Written by math nerds, sorry: Horiuchi, Yusaku, Daniel M. Smith, and Teppei Yamamoto. 2018. "Measuring Voters' Multidimensional Policy Preferences with Conjoint Analysis: Application to Japan's 2014 Election." *Political Analysis* 26: 190-209. DOI: 10.1017/pan.2018.2
- Broockman, David and Joshua Kalla. 2015. "Irregularities in LaCour (2014)."

- Druckman, James N., Donald P. Green, James H. Kuklinski, and Arthur Lupia. 2006. "The Growth and Development of Experimental Research in Political Science." *American Political Science Review* 100(4): 627-635. DOI: 10.1017/S0003055406062514
- Imai, Kosuke. 2005. "Do Get-Out-the-Vote Calls Reduce Turnout? The Importance of Statistical Methods for Field Experiments." American Political Science Review 99(2): 283-300. DOI: 10.1017/S0003055405051658
- LaCour, Michael J. and Donald P. Green. 2014. "When Contact Changes Minds: An Experiment on Transmission of Support for Gay Equality." *Science* 346(6125): 1366-1369. DOI: 10.1126/science.1256151
- Whitfield, Gregory. 2018. "TRENDS: Toward a Separate Ethics of Political Science Field Experiments." Political Research Quarterly 72(3): 527-538. DOI: 10.1177/1065912919835970

Week 12 (November 1): Let's Talk About ... Rational Choice

- Abelson, Robert P. 1995. "The Secret Existence of Expressive Behavior." Critical Review 9(1-2 Winter/Spring): 25-36. DOI: 10.1080/08913819508443369
- Aldrich, John H. 1993. "Rational Choice and Turnout." American Journal of Political Science 37(1 February): 246-278. DOI: 10.2307/2111531
- Feddersen, Timothy J. 2004. "Rational Choice Theory and the Paradox of Not Voting." *The Journal of Economic Perspectives* 18(1 Winter): 99-112. DOI: 10.1257/089533004773563458
- Huckfeldt, Robert. 1990. "Structure, Indeterminacy, and Chaos: A Case for Sociological Law." Journal of Theoretical Politics 2(4): 413-433. DOI: 10.1177/0951692890002004004

Rough draft of research design due on November 3 (Thursday).

Week 13 (November 8): Let's Talk About ... Ordinary Least Squares (OLS)

- Achen, Christopher H. 2002. "Toward a New Political Methodology: Microfoundations and ART." *Annual Review of Political Science* 5: 423-450. DOI: 10.1146/annurev.polisci.5.112801.080943
- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. *The Fundamentals of Political Science Research*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapters 9-11.
 - "Two-Variable Regression Models"
 - "Multiple Regression: The Basics"
 - "Multiple Regression: Model Specification"
- Want to know more? (These are classic econometrics reference texts.)
 - Gujarati, Damodar N. and Dawn C. Porter. 2009. Basic Econometrics: Fifth Edition. New York: McGraw-Hill/Irwin.
 - Warning: math! Greene, William H. 2011. Econometric Analysis: Seventh Edition. Upper Saddle River: Pearson Prentice Hall.

Annotated Bibliography due on November 10 (Thursday).

Week 14 (November 15): Let's Talk About ... Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)

- Kellstedt, Paul M. and Guy D. Whitten. 2018. The Fundamentals of Political Science Research. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. Chapter 12.
 - "Limited Dependent Variables and Time-Series Data"
- Rainey, Carlisle. 2016. "Compression and Conditional Effects: A Product Term Is Essential When Using Logistic Regression to Test for Interaction." *Political Science Research and Methods* 4(3 September): 621-639. DOI: 10.1017/psrm.2015.59.
- Want to know more?
 - Forbes, Catherine, Merran Evans, Nicholas Hastings, and Brian Peacock. 2010. *Statistical Distributions: Fourth Edition*. Hoboken: John Wiley & Sons.
 - Long, J. Scott. 1997. Regression Models for Categorical and Limited Dependent Variables. Thousand Oaks: Sage.
 - Warning: math! Pawitan, Yudi. 2013. In All Likelihood: Statistical Modeling and Inference Using Likelihood. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Week 14.5 (November 22): No Class (Thanksgiving Break)

Week 15 (November 29): Research Design Mini-Conference

Final draft of research design due on December 7 (Wednesday).